

EXHIBIT

Exhibit F

U 1411757

# THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

TO ALL TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS SHALL COME;

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office

January 06, 2006

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT ANNEXED HERETO IS A TRUE COPY FROM THE RECORDS OF THIS OFFICE OF:

U.S. PATENT: 6,065,757

ISSUE DATE: May 23, 2000

By Authority of the

**Under Secretary of Commerce for Intellectual Property** and Director of the United States Patent and Trademark Office

THE PARTY OF THE P

M. K. CARTER
Certifying Officer



# United States Patent [19]

Schneider et al.

US006065757A [11] **Patent Number:** 

[45] Date of Patent:

6,065,757 May 23, 2000

FLYWHEEL HOUSING
Inventors: Marvin P. Schnelder, East Pcoria; Eric D. Hardin, Pcoria; David L. Oedewaldt, Hanna City, all of Ill.
Assignee: Caterpillar Inc., Peoria, Ill.
Appl. No.: 09/109,796
Filed: Jul. 2, 1998
Int. Cl. <sup>7</sup> F02F 11/00 U.S. Cl. 277/641; 277/642; 277/598 Field of Search 277/594, 596, 598, 642, 630

[56]	References	Cited
.50]	References	Cited

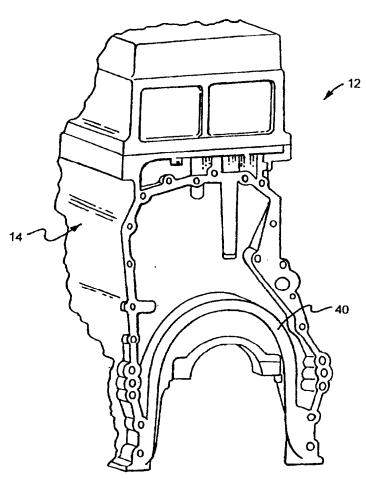
	U.S. PA	TENT DOCUMENTS
1,630,675 2,945,715 3,565,049 4,192,520 4,499,869 4,593,659 4,599,976 4,607,601 4,610,228	5/1927 7/1960 2/1971 3/1980 2/1985 6/1986 7/1986 8/1986	Sinclair 277/641 X

4,636,155	1/1987	Francis
4,669,432	6/1987	277/6/12
4,716,870	1/1988	
4,814,953	3/1989	
4,928,980		
4,929,204	5/1990	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
4,930,792	6/1990	440/113
5,076,557	12/1991	Glück et al
5,080,058		Leatenbough et al 277/600 at
5,226,787	7/1002	777/641 V
	1/1///	Freeman.
5,330,200	7/1994	Unseth .
5,662,337	9/1997	Surbrook et al 277/594
rimary Exam	· · · · · ·	211/354

Primary Examiner—Anthony Knight
Assistant Examiner—Mark Williams
Attorney, Agent, or Firm—Larry G. Cain; James B. Golden
[57]
ABSTRACT

A flywheel housing adapted for use with an engine. The engine has a cylinder block and the cylinder block defines a mating portion. The flywheel housing has a groove with an elastomeric seal disposed therein. The groove has an arcuate portion and a pair of leg portions and is in sealing engagement with the mating portion. The principle use is for flywheel housing made of aluminum, however any flywheel housing that has thermal stresses or encounters vibrational loads will benefit from this invention.

## 11 Claims, 2 Drawing Sheets

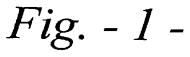


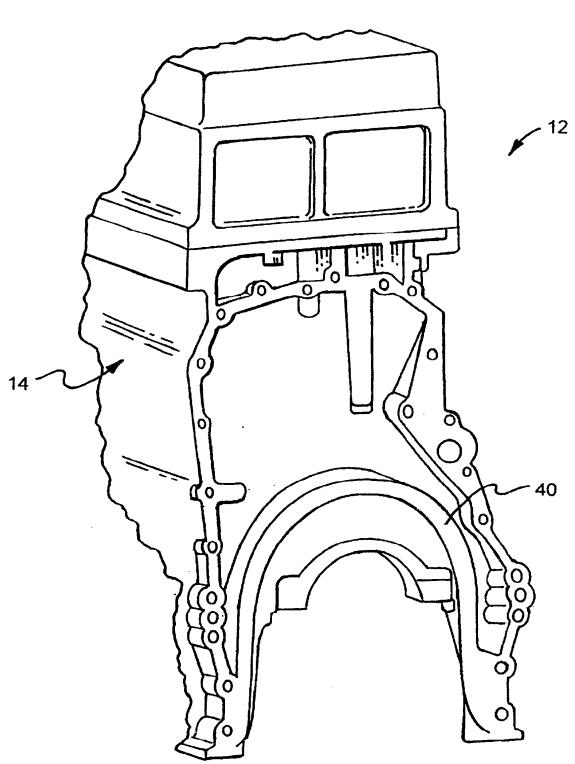
U.S. Patent

May 23, 2000

Sheet 1 of 2

6,065,757



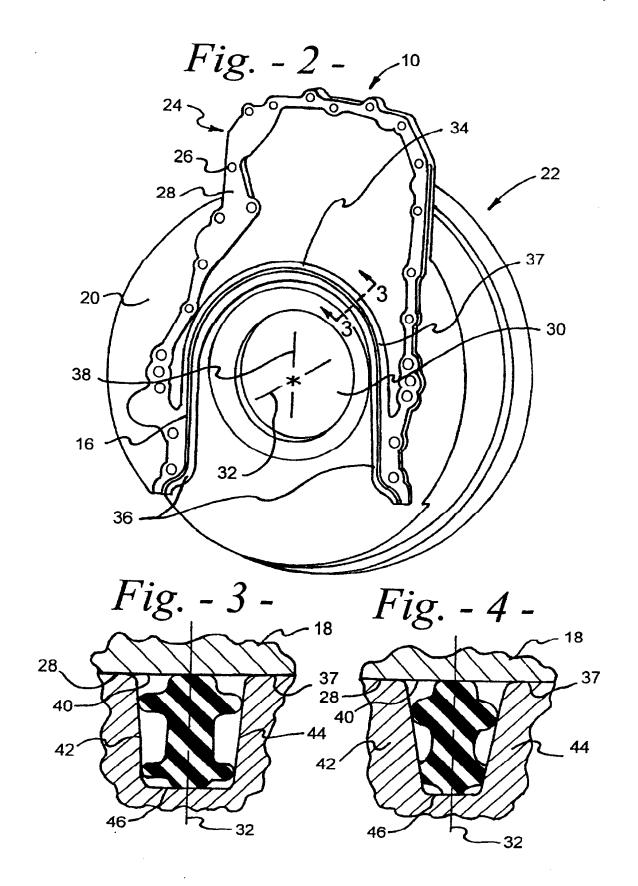


U.S. Patent

May 23, 2000

Sheet 2 of 2

6,065,757



6,065,757

## FLYWHEEL HOUSING

#### TECHNICAL FIELD

This invention relates generally to a flywheel housing, and more particularly to a groove having an arcuate portion and a pair of leg portions being used for sealing.

#### BACKGROUND ART

weight and less costly. Over the years engineers have discovered that weight and cost reductions are achieved by manufacturing flywheel housings out of aluminum. During normal operation of an engine, cyclic temperature changes can cause thermal expansion and contraction of various 15 components at varying rates. The use of components made of different materials adds to the relative movement between components. For example, the flywheel housing experiences thermal expansion greater than the thermal expansion of a cylinder block causing relative movement between the fly- 20 wheel housing and the cylinder block. The relative movement between the flywheel housing and the cylinder block, if not absorbed by a seal positioned between the two components, can cause the flywheel housing or scal to leak, crack or can destroy connecting bolts used for connecting 25 the flywheel housing to the cylinder block. The harsh environment that the seal is in also adds to seal degradation. Having seals exposed to hot engine oil degrades the seal and reduces reliability. Prior techniques of compensation for thermal stresses, operating vibration, and harsh environ- 30 ments are achieved by using gaskets and integral seals. The gaskets and integral seals that are known in the art have a tendency to fatigue and leak over time due to the excessive stresses and the hot engine oil.

The present invention is directed to overcoming one or 35 more of the problems set forth above.

### DISCLOSURE OF THE INVENTION

A flywheel housing is adapted for use with an engine. The  $_{40}$ flywheel housing has a first side and a second side spaced therefrom. The flywheel housing comprises an opening that is defined between the first and second sides. The opening has a longitudinal axis. An axial axis is perpendicular to the longitudinal axis. A groove has an arcuate portion and a pair 45 of leg portions. The arcuate portion is defined radially about the longitudinal axis, and the pair of leg portions are spaced from the axial axis.

An engine has a block, and the block defines a mating portion. A flywheel housing has a first side and a second side 50 spaced therefrom. An opening is defined between the first and second sides and the opening has a longitudinal axis. An axial axis is perpendicular to the longitudinal axis. A groove has an arcuate portion and a pair of leg portions. The arcuate portion is defined radially about the longitudinal axis, and 55 the pair of leg portions are spaced from the axial axis.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

- FIG. 1 is an isometric view of a portion of a cylinder block;
- FIG. 2 is an isometric view of a flywheel housing embodying the present invention;
- FIG. 3 is a partial cross sectional view of a groove taken along line 3-3 of FIG. 2; and
- FIG. 4 is a partial cross sectional view of another embodiment of a groove taken along line 3-3 of FIG. 2.

## BEST MODE FOR CARRYING OUT THE **INVENTION**

Referring to FIGS. 1 and 2, a flywheel housing 10 adapted for use with an engine 12 and cylinder block 14 are shown. The flywheel housing 10 utilizes a groove 16 and an elastomeric seal 18 between the flywheel housing 10 and the cylinder block 14.

The flywheel housing 10 as shown in FIG. 2 is made of Engineers are designing flywheel housings that are lighter 10 an aluminum alloy. However, it should be understood that flywheel housings 10 are also applicable with other types of materials, such as steel, iron, and/or cast iron and cast steel that are well known in the art. The flywheel housing 10 has a first side 20 and a second side 22 spaced therefrom. The first side 20 has a fastening portion 24 that is defined by a plurality of bolt holes 26 and a mounting surface 28. The mounting surface 28 is flush with the cylinder block 14 for proper fit-up. It is this mounting surface 28 that prior techniques attached gaskets and integral scals. The flywheel housing 10 is attached to the cylinder block 14 using the plurality of bolt holes 26 and fasteners (not shown). Having the mounting surface 28 in close proximity to the plurality of bolt holes 26 would require the mounting surface 28 to be increased in cross-sectional area to maintain the same level of sealability between the flywheel housing 10 and the cylinder block 14 to maintain the proper tightening torque. An opening 30 is defined between the first and second sides 20, 22. The opening 30 has a longitudinal axis 32. The opening 30 is sized large enough to allow assembly of a crankshaft (not shown). The groove 16 defines an arcuate portion 34, a pair of leg portions 36, and a top surface 37. The groove 16 is shown disposed in the flywheel housing 10, however the groove could be disposed in the cylinder block 14 without departing from the spirit of the invention. The pair of leg portions 36 have extremities contacting the mounting surface 28. However, it should be understood that grooves 16 having extremities spaced apart from the mounting surface 28 is also applicable without departing from the spirit of the invention. The top surface 37 and the mounting surface 28 are at equal heights measured from an axial axis 38. However, it should be understood that groove 16 having the top surface 37 at a different height from the mounting surface 28 is also applicable without departing from the spirit of the invention. The groove 16 is spaced from the fastening portion 24 which allows the cross-sectional area of the fastening portion 24 to be optimized for fastening of the flywheel to the cylinder block 14. The arcuate portion 34 is defined radially about the longitudinal axis 32. However, the arcuate portion 34 could generally be defined as having a horizontal portion or having a pointed configuration without departing from the spirit of the invention. The pair of leg portions 36 are spaced from the axial axis 38 that is perpendicular to the longitudinal axis 32. However, it should be understood that the groove 16 could be located at a less central location and still provide proper sealing between the flywheel housing 10 and the cylinder block 14. The cylinder block 14 defines a mating portion 40. The mating portion 40 is shown disposed in the cylinder block 14, however the mating portion 40 could be disposed in the flywheel housing 10 without departing from the spirit of the invention. The mating portion 40 is opposite the groove 16 and is in sealing engagement with the elastomeric scal 18 which is disposed in the groove 16.

Referring to FIG. 3, The groove 16 is shown with the 65 elastomeric seal 18 disposed therein. The elastomeric seal 18 that is shown is a beaded clastomeric scal 18. However, it should be understood that the invention is applicable to other

type of seals, such as O-ring or seals that are well known in the art. The groove 16 has a first wall surface 42 and a second wall surface 44 extended from the mounting surface 28 a pre-established distance. A bottom wall surface 46 connects the first and second wall surfaces 42, 44 at the 5 pre-established distance. At least a portion of the first and second wall surfaces 42, 44 are parallel to the longitudinal axis 32 which provides the needed surface structure to trap the elastomeric seal 18 in the groove 16. However, it should be understood that the invention is applicable to other wall 10 orientations, such as having at least a portion of the first and second walls with opposing slopes.

### INDUSTRIAL APPLICABILITY

With reference to the Figs. and in operation, fatiguing of  $_{15}$ the elastomeric seal 18 between the flywheel housing 10 and the cylinder block 14 caused by thermal stresses, operating vibration, and harsh environment are prevented by the groove 16. For example, the elastomeric seal 18 within the groove 16 provides scaling and allows relative movement 20 between the flywheel housing 10 and the cylinder block 14, the pair of leg portions 36 spaced symmetrically provides uniformity in sealing, thus groove 16 positioned at a more central location about the opening 30 of the flywheel housing 10 reduces the scrubbing motion, and the elastomeric 25 seal 18 supported by the groove 16 and mating portion 40 protects the elastomeric seal 18 from the harsh environment and reduces bonding failures. The groove 16 improves scaling between the flywheel housing 10 and the cylinder block 14 for thermal stresses, operating vibration, and harsh 30 environment that are normally present during engine operation than previous techniques. The ability to have the elastomeric seal 18 disposed in the groove 16 reduces costs that are associated with sealing the flywheel housing 10 and cylinder block 14. Having the groove 16 centrally located 35 reduces the scrubbing motion of the seal which prolongs the life of the elastomeric seal 18.

In operation, the elastomeric seal 18 is disposed in the groove 16. The flywheel housing 10 is fastened to the cylinder block 14 using the plurality of bolt holes 26 and 40 appropriate fasteners that are well known in the art. Fastening of the flywheel housing 10 to the cylinder block 14 places the mating surface 40 in scaling engagement with the clastomeric seal 18.

As discussed above, the flywheel housings 10 using the 45 groove 16 with the clastomeric seal 18 disposed therein allows proper sealing of the flywheel housings 10 while still permitting relative movement between the flywheel housing 10 and the cylinder block 14. The groove 16 simplifies assembly of the flywheel housing 10 by eliminating the 50 application of sealant that is used with prior techniques. Having the elastomeric seal 18 disposed in the groove 16 and in sealing engagement with the mating surface 40 provides four surfaces for sealing and improves protection of the elastomeric seal 18 from the harsh environment when 55 compared with prior technique, that are well known in the art. The central location of the groove 16 with the opening 30 improves the scalability, life, and packaging of the flywheel housing 10.

Other aspects, objects and advantages of this invention 60 plurality of bolt holes and a sealing surface. can be obtained from a study of the drawings, the disclosure and the appended claims.

What is claimed is:

1. A flywheel housing for use with an engine having a mating portion, said flywheel housing having a mounting 65 seal. surface, a first side and a second side spaced therefrom, said flywheel housing comprising:

- an opening being defined between said first and second sides, said opening having a longitudinal axis;
- an axial axis being perpendicular to said longitudinal axis;
- a groove having a generally arcuate portion and a pair of leg portions, said arcuate portion being defined radially about said longitudinal axis, said pair of leg portions being spaced from said axial axis, and said groove having a first and second wall surfaces, and a bottom wall surface connecting said first and second wall
- an elastomeric seal disposed in said groove, said seal being supported by said first, second, and bottom wall surfaces of said groove; and
- said mating portion of said engine engaging said mounting surface of said flywheel housing and being in sealing engagement with said elastomeric seal.
- 2. A flywheel housing, as set forth in claim 1, wherein at least a portion of said first and second wall surfaces being parallel to said longitudinal axis.
- 3. A flywheel housing, as set forth in claim 1, wherein at least a portion of said first and second wall surfaces having opposing slopes.
- 4. A flywheel housing, as set forth in claim 1, wherein said flywheel housing having a fastening portion being defined by a plurality of bolt holes and a sealing surface.
- 5. A flywheel housing, as set forth in claim 4, wherein said groove being positioned within said sealing surface
- 6. A flywheel housing, as set forth in claim 4, wherein said fastening portion being spaced from said groove.
- 7. A flywheel housing, as set forth in claim 1, wherein said leg portions being symmetrically spaced about said axial
- 8. An engine having a cylinder block, and said cylinder block defining a mating portion, said engine comprising:
  - a flywheel housing having a mounting surface, a first side and a second side spaced therefrom;
  - an opening being defined between said first and second sides and said opening having a longitudinal axis;
- an axial axis perpendicular to said longitudinal axis;
- a groove being in one of said cylinder block and said flywheel housing having an arcuate portion and a pair of leg portions, said arcuate portion being defined radially about said longitudinal axis, said pair of leg portions being spaced from said axial axis, and a bottom wall surface connecting said first and second wall surfaces:
- an elastomeric seal disposed in said groove, said seal being supported by said first, second, and bottom wall surfaces of said groove; and
- said mating portion of said cylinder block engaging said mounting surface of said flywheel housing and one of said mating portion or mounting surface being in sealing engagement with said clastomeric seal.
- 9. An engine, as set forth in claim 8, wherein said flywheel housing having a fastening portion being defined by a
- 10. An engine, as set forth in claim 9, wherein said sealing surface being flush with said block.
- 11. An engine, as set forth in claim 8, wherein said mating portion being in sealing engagement with said elastomeric